## Investigation of Laplace transforms for Erlangen distribution of the first passage time into zero level of the semi-Markov random process with positive tendency and negative jumps

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Abstract: The investigations of the distributions for the processes of semi-Markov random process have an important value in the random process theory. The purpose of the present article is to find the Laplace transforms for Erlangen distribution of the semi-Markov random processes with positive tendency and negative jumps. Let's the sequence  $\{\xi_k, \zeta_k\}_{k\geq 1}$  be given on the probability space  $\{\Omega, \Im, P(\cdot)\}$ , where the random variables  $\xi_k$  and  $\zeta_k$ ,  $k \geq 1$  independent and identically distributed. Using these random variables we construct the following semi-markov random process:

$$X(t) = z + t - \sum_{i=1}^{k-1} \zeta_i, \text{ if } \sum_{i=1}^{k-1} \xi_i \le t < \sum_{i=1}^k \xi_i, \ k = 1, 2, ..., \ t, z \ge 0.$$

X(t) process is called as the semi-markov random process with positive tendency and negative jumps. Also let us denote the random variable  $\tau_z^0$  the first falling time of the process into zero-level, as  $\tau_z^0 = \min\{t : X(t) \leq 0\}$ . We need to find the Laplace transform for distribution of random variable  $\tau_z^0$ . Let's assume that the random variables  $\xi_1$  and  $\zeta_1$  have an Erlangen distribution of third construction with the parameters  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$ , respectively. According to total probability formula, we can write the following integral equation for the random variable  $\tau_z^0$ :

$$L(\theta \mid z) = \frac{\lambda^3 e^{-\mu z}}{(\lambda + \mu + \theta)^3} + \frac{\lambda^3 \mu e^{-\mu z}}{2} \int_{s=0}^{\infty} s^2 e^{-(\lambda + \mu + \theta)s} \int_{\alpha=0}^{z+s} e^{\mu \alpha} L(\theta \mid \alpha) d\alpha ds.$$

In this case, we get the following fourth order differential equation:

$$L^{(4)}(\theta \mid z) - [3(\lambda + \theta) - \mu]L'''(\theta \mid z) + 3(\lambda + \theta)(\lambda + \theta - \mu)L''(\theta \mid z) - (\lambda + \theta)^2(\lambda + \theta - 3\mu)L'(\theta \mid z) - \mu[(\lambda + \theta)^2 - \lambda^3]L(\theta \mid z) = 0.$$

Then the general solution of this differential equation will be as follows:

$$L(\theta \mid z) = \frac{\lambda^3}{[\lambda + \theta - k_1(\theta)]^3} e^{k_1(\theta)z}.$$

This expression is the Laplace transform for relative distribution of random variable  $\tau_z^0$ . Laplace transform for non-relative distribution of  $\tau_z^0$  will be

$$L(\theta) = \int_{z=0}^{\infty} L(\theta \mid z) \lambda^3 z^2 e^{-\lambda z} dz = \int_{z=0}^{\infty} c_1(\theta) e^{k_1(\theta)z} \lambda^3 z^2 e^{-\lambda z} dz = \frac{\lambda^3}{[\lambda - k_1(\theta)]^3} C_1(\theta).$$

Therefore, we will get the following characteristics for  $\lambda m > \mu$ :

$$E\tau_z^0 = -L'(0) = \frac{3(\lambda+\mu)}{\lambda(\lambda-3\mu)},$$
$$E(\tau_z^0 \mid z) = \frac{3(1+z\mu)}{\lambda-3\mu},$$

and

$$D(\tau_z^0 \mid z) = \frac{3}{(\lambda - 3\mu)^2} + \frac{12(3 + z\lambda)\mu}{(\lambda - 3\mu)^3}.$$

**Keywords:** Laplace transform, semi-Markov random process, random variable.

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