

# Degenerate operators for ordinary differential equations

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**Abstract:** We consider the spectral problem for operators generated by ordinary differential equations. A degenerate operator means an operator whose point spectrum fills the whole complex plane, or a resolvent set fills the whole complex plane.

Conditions are found for the coefficients of the general differential equation for which the corresponding operator is degenerate.

**Theorem.** *Let the operator  $L$  generated in  $L_2(0, 1)$  by the differential expression  $l(y) = y^{(n)} + \sum_{j=1}^n p_j(x)y^{(n-j)}$ , and the boundary conditions  $U_j(y) = y^{(j-1)}(0) - \alpha \cdot \alpha_2^{(j-1)}y^{(j-1)}(1) = 0$ ,  $j = 1, 2, \dots, n$ , where  $\alpha_k = e^{i\frac{2\pi(k-1)}{n}}$ ,  $k = 1, 2, \dots, n$ , being the  $n$ -th roots of unity with  $\alpha_1 = 1$ . If the condition*

$$p_k(x) = \alpha_2^k p_k(1 + \alpha_2 x), \quad k = 1, 2, \dots, n, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1,$$

*is satisfied, then the operator  $L$  is degenerate, that is, the characteristic determinant  $\Delta_L(\rho) \equiv \text{const}$ . Furthermore,  $\Delta_L(\rho) = 1 - \alpha^n$ , and if  $\alpha^n \neq 1$ , then  $L^{-1}$  is a Volterra operator; if  $\alpha^n = 1$ , then  $\rho(L) = \emptyset$  and  $\sigma(L) = \mathbb{C}$ .*

**Keywords:** ordinary differential equations, degenerate operator, spectrum, resolvent set

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