## The Riemann -Hilbert problem for first order elliptic systems on the plane in the Hardy space

Alexandre Soldatov

Moscow Center of fundamental and applied mathematics, and Federal Research Center "Computer Science and Control" of RAS

**Abstract:** Let D be a finite domain bounded by a smooth Lyapunov contour  $\Gamma \in C^{1,\nu}, 0 < \nu < 1$ , which is oriented positively with respect to D. Let all eigenvalues of a matrix  $J \in \mathbb{C}^{l \times l}$  lie on the upper half-plane. and G(t) be Holder continuous  $l \times l$  — matrix- value function on  $\Gamma$  such that det  $G(t) \neq 0$ for all  $t \in \Gamma$ .

We consider the Riemann – Hilbert problem

$$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} - J \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} = 0, \quad z = x + iy \in D,$$
  
Re  $G(t)\phi^+(t) = f(t), \quad t \in \Gamma,$ 

in the Hardy- Smirnov space  $H^p(D)$ , 1 , which is defined [1] analogously to the case of usual analytic function.

It is shown that this problem is Fredholmian and its index æ given by the formula

$$\mathfrak{a} = -\frac{1}{\pi} \operatorname{arg} \det G(t) \big|_{\Gamma} + l.$$

With the help of this result the integral representation of all solutions  $\phi \in H^p(D)$  of (1) is received.

**Keywords:** First order elliptic system, Riemann- Hilbert problem, Hardy space, index formula, integral representation

## 2010 Mathematics Subject Classification: 35J56, 30D60, 30E25, 30H10

## References

 Soldatov A.P., The Hardy space of solutions to first-order elliptic systems. Doklady Mathematics. 2007, V. 76, 2, P. 660-664.